Daily St. Paul Globe.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MUST DR. BOWERS GO

The Board of Trustees May Discharge the Rochester Superintendent.

Yesterday's Meeting in St. Paul Held Behind Closed Doors.

Dr. Bowers Repeats the Story of the Murder of Taylor Combs.

The Physician Is Not Without Warm Friends in Rochester.

Dr. Bowers was not arrested yesterday, nor is he likely to be pending the investigation into the management of Rochester asylum, and the murder of Taylor Combs. Elder Gray and the murdered man's brother returned yesterday from Rochester and the elder stated he had prevailed upon Combs to take more conservative action in the matter. They will await to see the outcome of the investigation by the trustees of the asylum, and, if there be the least semblance of whitewashing Dr. Bowers, a warrant is to be sworn out for his arrest, the charge being that of accessory after the fact to the murder of Combs. Dr. Bowers was in St. Paul yesterday, returning to Rochester by the evening train, as to-day he will be required to go before the grand jury which is instituting an inquiry into the murder, as well as the management of the hospital itself. Dr. Bowers feels his position keenly, freely acknowledging that in withholding the murder from publicity he has unwittingly done

A GREAT INJUSTICE

not only to himself, but the whole management of the asylum. Several weeks ago a meeting of the asylum trustees was arranged for yesterday, to be held at the Merchants', St. Paul. It was at this meeting Dr. Bowers says he intended informing the trustees of the murder of Combs, but the force of circumstances decreed it otherwise, and instead the gathering was converted into a secret star chamber for determining the action to be taken towards overhauling the management of the asylum. President M. J. Daniels is sick, and the meeting was presided over by Maj. H. B. Strait, of Shakopee. There were present: N. Schimmel, of St. Peter; A. L. Sackett, of St. Peter; Burr Deuel, of Dodge Center; J. F. Meagher, of Mankato; M. R. Tyler, of St. Paul; C. D. Wright, of Fergus Falls. A. Barto, of Sauk Center, is also a member of the board, but was absent at Austin, attending a G. A. R. reunion. The morning session and a portion of the afternoon session were taken up by routine business. The public was admitted during the transaction of these incidental items, but when the serious work of the session came up—"Move we go

INTO EXECUTIVE SESSION,"

piped Mr. Sackett, and the proposition was agreed to nem. con. There has been so much secresy in regard to the murder of the negro Combs, and as the public generally look with suspicion upon secret investigations, it is to be regretted that the trustees conducted their work behind closed doors. The public have a right to know every detail adduced in this investigation. The Rochester asylum is public property, the managers are public officials, and any inquiry into the mismanagement of the institution, especially when such a grave charge as murder is being considered, should be freely open to the public. The trustees sat behind closed doors for three hours, and there was also present Secretary Hart, of the state board of corrections and charities. Messrs. Strait, Meagher, Deuel and Sackett made a report to the board of the result of their inquiry at Rochester, Monday, and Dr. Bowers was requested to repeat his statement. He

TOLD OF THE DEATH

of Taylor Combs April 1, and how Ed Peterson and August Beckman, attendants, now arrested under charge of murder, reported that it was caused by a fall from some scaffolding. An examination of the body revealed a fracture of the sternum and an effusion of blood into the tissues under the sternum, forming clots and, pressing upon the heart and large vessels. The story was detailed of how the coroner returned Combs' death as accidental, and Dr. Bowers stated that April 3 he received information throwing quite a different light upon the death of Taylor Combs. It was submitted by John Date, who averred that the treatment of Beckman and Peterson killed Combs. He said they had choked and pounded the negro. Dr. Powers endeavored to get additional corroborative testimony, but failed. He continued: When Rev. A. H. Kerr, the steward, came, I called him and Dr. Collins to my office to consult as to the

IMMEDIATE ARREST

of Peterson and Beckman. We talked the matter over for a long time in its different phases, but always came back to the fact that there was no reliable witness but John Date. Later, Mr. Kerr and I talked it over again. We said that if we had them arrested and failed to make the conviction and have them punished, the hospital would have all this odium and scandal for nothing, and we decided to send for Peterson and Beckman to come to my office and reprimand them severely and peremptorily discharge them. I told them the story John Date had told me, and they claimed that they did it in self-defense. They gave up their former story, and said that Combs was talking of butcher knives. They took him down to make him shut up. I was satisfied from their tacit admissions that John Date's story was true. That was on the morning of April 4." Dr. Bowers explained how he had neglected to report the murder to the board of trustees at their last meeting, the matter having "entirely slipped my mind." The sickness of President Daniels had prevented him from

MAKING A REPORT

to that gentleman. When Dr. Bowers had repeated his statement, he quit the room and left St. Paul by the 5 p. m. train for Rochester. Secretary Hart laid before the board the testimony of the boy John Date, and thereafter, in conversational style, the trustees reviewed the situation of affairs. Maj. Strait declared that no conclusions were arrived at; but from remarks dropped by individual members it transpires that the conduct of Dr. Bowers was very severely questioned, and that at to-day's meeting he may very possibly be removed from the position of superintendent of Rochester asylum. The trustees express high admiration of his professional abilities, but they acknowledge that Dr. Bowers committed an unpardonable error in not reporting at once the murder of Combs to the board of trustees. The trustees might overlook the offense, but it is questionable whether the general public would, and therefore the probabilities are that in a thorough overhauling of Rochester asylum, Dr. Bowers will be the first who

HAS "GOT TO GO."

Yesterday secret gathering was adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning, when the trustees expect to have the presence of ex-Lieut. Gov. Barto. They will come to some conclusions in the way of recommendations to be brought before Gov. Merriam at a meeting to take place in the afternoon at the executive department. Gov. Merriam was at Austin yesterday, but returned at night purposely to meet the trustees today. He is determined that a thorough investigation is made, not only into the murder of Combs, but of the whole management of Rochester asylum. If this is not done by the trustees themselves, he will call the board of corrections and charities to his aid, and through that body attain the end in view. Among the recommendations of the trustees there will be the question of wages offered the asylum attendants. It is claimed that the small sum paid for help precludes against the management securing a high class of attendants. Hon. A. T. Stebbins, of Rochester, who was in the city yesterday, said the attendants were

LARGELY FOREIGNERS,

without any special training for the position, and that they were largely drawn from the ranks of farm laborers! Hon. John Meagher said last evening that the board of trustees would deal with the question before them in a manner which the public would approve. They were determined to go to the root of the matter. There would be nothing to hide so far as they were concerned. All their conclusions would be published. Elder Gray says if the murdered man had been white instead of black, the secret of his death would not have been kept quiet so long.

Lieut. Gov. Rice was in the city yesterday, and expressed a high opinion of the professional integrity and ability of Dr. Bowers.

Secretary Hart acknowledges Dr. Bowers made a great mistake in not reporting the murder of Combs to the board of trustees, but his faith in him is so great that he declares if any of his family had to be sent to an asylum, he would prefer them being placed under the charge of Dr. Bowers.

LEARNED AT ROCHESTER.

Differences of Opinion at the Seat of the Trouble.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, June 5.—There is no longer any undue excitement here over the asylum sensation. It is, however, the main theme of conversation still, and the report of the grand jury is anxiously awaited. The sympathies of the business men appear to be with Dr. Bowers, and many of his staunch friends defend him on the grounds that his record as superintendent of the asylum has proven him able and efficient, and that the late unfortunate affair was simply an error in his judgment, and his intentions were for the best good of the institution when he neglected to notify the proper authorities of the murder. On the other hand, there are many who severely censure him, more so since the facts revealed by the investigation at the asylum yesterday have become generally known, and there is a feeling among many that there should be a change in the management of the asylum. Although the doctor has still many friends, public opinion seems to be against him, principally among the lower and middle classes. The grand jury resumed their labors this morning, and excepting two hours' recess at noon, have continued the investigation all day. The following witnesses were examined: Coroner Mose, Dr. Collins, Augusta Rebehl and Carrie Oleson, the sweethearts of Beckman and Peterson, to whom they confidentially told the story of Combs' death. Miss Oleson is very much affected by the misfortunes of her intended (Peterson). She visits him at the jail, bringing him sweetmeats, and is doing him every kindness within her power. Five lunatics from the ward that Combs occupied in the asylum were examined, but only two could tell stories coherent enough to get any information from. At 5:30 an adjournment was taken until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The GLOBE correspondent was assured this evening by one of the grand jurors that a report would be made very soon to-morrow, as the investigation was about completed. There is a general expression of fear here this evening among the better class of citizens that a hasty and unjust judgment may be passed upon Dr. Bowere at the meeting of the board of trustees to-morrow, and hopes are expressed that they will await the action of the district court, which has taken the matter up, and will sift it to the bottom.

In the Soup.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The civil service commission, having concluded in part their investigation into the recent management of the New York custom house so far as the behavior of the local examining board and the question of the proper observance of the civil service law as regards entrance examinations are concerned, find that the recent management of the examinations for admission has been characterized by great laxity and negligence, and, on the part of some of the custom house employes, by positive fraud. They recommend that Charles F. Terhune and Saul Hollander, custom house employes, be dropped from the service, and that Terhune should be indicted and prosecuted under section five of the civil service law.

Minnesota Patents.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Minnesota and Dakota patents issued to-day, reported by Paul & Merwin, patent lawyers, 660 Temple Court, Minneapolis, Minn.: Minnesota—Lock, Alvin Boice, New Richland; gas generator, Robert Ferguson, St. Paul; nut lock, George P. Fuller Minneapolis; fuel-saving device, Arthur C. Greenlee, Fergus Falls; hydro-carbon burner, Anthony L. Shore, Minneapolis. Dakota—Tool car for mines, Joseph Lerweek, Lead City.

Want an Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The president has received a letter from a committee of the National Wool Growers' association, of the United States, urging the necessity for an extra session of congress to be convened at the earliest possible day for the purpose of enacting necessary legislation in regard to wool growing and other industries of the country.

A Great Scheme.

NEW YORK, June 5.—The Sun says that A. Swan Brown, a merchant well-known in the dry goods trade, has gone to London to attempt to arrange a syndicate for the purchase of the leading retail dry goods stores of New York and other leading American cities. The plan is similar to that on which the breweries are being consolidated.

SIGNING THE TREATY.

Rosebud Indians Finally Accede to the Terms of the Sioux Treaty,

And Have Sent Out Runners to Their Brethren at Other Agencies.

Wisconsin University Students Think They Have Been Unjustly Treated.

The Grand Lodge of Minnesota Odd Fellows Elects Officers and Adjourns.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., June 5.—An Indian runner arrived at Fort Pierre this forenoon direct from Rosebud agency on his way to Cheyenne, having started yesterday, and brought word that Indians at the agency had commenced to sign, and that the commission would get them all. Fort Pierre is a hard day's travel from Rosebud and on the direct trail to Cheyenne, and runners were sent from Rosebud as soon as the result was reasonably known of the Indians' action there to inform all other agencies. This report is considered in Pierre as reliable.

THE RED PEPPER EPISODE.

Students of the Wisconsin University Will Appeal to the Regents.

Special to the Globe.

MADISON, Wis., June 5.—The largest exclusively college meeting ever held at the University of Wisconsin gathered in Library hall this afternoon to listen to President Chamberlain's explanation of certain matters of college policy and a summary of the evidence by which the participators in the red pepper episode were suspended. An air of refinement was given to the gathering by the presence of the Co-Ed's, who filed into the gallery in a body, their appearance being greeted by terrific applause from the boys below. On concluding his remarks, which occupied considerable time, the president withdrew, and the students proceeded to see what they would do about it. Several speeches were made, the tend of which was that the condemned students had not been given a fair show, and that in any case the punishment didn't fit the crime by several degrees of largeness. The student body finally voted unanimously to appoint a committee to bring the matter before the board of regents for trial, at which time both sides shall be given a fair hearing, which the students allege is not the case before the faculty. Several brash things were attempted by rattle-brained students at the meeting, but the more sober-minded prevented anything of this character.

CHOSE OFFICERS.

Minnesota Odd Fellows Finish Their Business and Adjourn.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., June 5.—The city looked quiet to-day, compared with yesterday's demonstrations, but that was not the condition of the sessions of the grand lodge. From 9 o'clock a. m. until 1 p. m., and from 2 p. m. until 6 o'clock the convention was in secret session, transacting important business. The forenoon session was confined to hearing reports of the secretary and treasurer and committees. The resolution was also passed returning thanks to St. Cloud Lodge No. 92, the citizens of St. Cloud and the people in general, for their cordial welcome on every hand, and the generous hospitality extended to the grand lodge delegates as guests of the city. They had nothing but words of praise to offer to its people, and would go away with pleasant memories of "brothers" left behind, true and tried. Congratulations were also voted to the degree team upon their work last evening. As the delegations left the hall at noon each member was presented with a bouquet of flowers by the St. Cloud lodge. The work of enacting legislation and passing amendments to existing laws so as to conform with the sovereign lodge was taken up at the afternoon session and completed. Fraternel greetings to the grand lodge now in session at Milwaukee were telegraphed. The place for holding the next session of the grand lodge was contested by the representatives of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Excelsior, and the latter place was decided upon. The following officers were then elected for the ensuing year: Grand master, C. M. Sprague, Sauk Center; deputy grand master, Henry Ungemach, Rochester; grand warden, J. H. Grass, Fergus Falls; grand secretary, A. L. Balton, St. Paul; grand treasurer, Charles Griswold, St. Paul; grand representative, two years, E. H. Kelly, Minneapolis. These officers were installed in the evening and Grand Master Sprague made the following appointments for the grand lodge: Chaplain, W. J. Nye, Minneapolis; marshal, John Harmann, St. Paul; guardian, F. W. Deutch, Winona; herald, H. E. Park, Sauk Center. The convention then adjourned, and the delegates proceeded to the depot, and those from St. Paul and Minneapolis and vicinity boarded their special train, which left at 9 p. m. As the delegates were boarding the train they gave three cheers for Lodge No. 92. "Don't forget the ladies," shouted a man at the other end of the train. "Three cheers for the Daughters of Rebekah" and a tiger, sang out a little man, waving his black tile and jumping onto a trunk. They cheered with a vim, the ladies waved their thanks, the train rolled out and the thirty-seventh convention of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows was a thing of the past.

DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH.

The Daughters of Rebekah were in secret session all day until 2 o'clock engaged in routine work of the lodge. The committees on finances and other matters made reports which were not made public. The following officers elected to-day were installed this afternoon: Mrs. Nye, Misteltoe lodge, Minneapolis, president; Mrs. Burdick, Vine lodge, Minneapolis, vice president; Mrs. Haynes, Minnehaha lodge, Minneapolis, secretary; Mrs. Flynn, Mistletoe lodge, Minneapolis, secretary. Madams Evans, Cowans, Hull and Speelman were elected delegates to the national grand lodge, which meets at Columbus, O., next September.

A BOLD, BAD MAN.

He Gets Away With the Cash and Skips Out.

SHAWANO, Wis., June 5.—Another robbery has been committed by a highwayman. He is supposed to be the same one who has been robbing the mails in this county, and who also went through a train on the Milwaukee & Northern road last week. He appeared in Bondnell, a town of this county, yesterday, and entered the store of Solomon Kahn. Kahn was busy at his desk, when the fellow slipped up, leveled a revolver, and told him to hand over all the money he had, which he did to the amount of about $100. The robber then left the store, and finding a farmer's team at the door, unhitched it and started off. The owner of the team protested, and the robber shot at him twice and then drove off. A large crowd are in pursuit of him.

Teachers Elected.

Special to the Globe.

GRANITE FALLS, June 5.—By the unanimous vote of the school board, Prof. J. Vanvalkenburg is retained for the ensuing year as principal of city schools. Misses Mabel M. Runnels, Bertha Wylie and Stella Wheeler are retained in the grammar and primary departments, with the other grades to be filled. This corps of teachers have, with the efficient aid of a public-spirited board, given such an impetus to our schools that, with the influx of scholars from the country, a $2,500 addition to the present school building is necessary and has been contracted for.

Opening the Arlington.

Special to the Globe.

BRAINERD, June 5.—Great preparations are making and about completed for the formal opening of the Arlington hotel, the new hotel which has risen in place of the Villard, the event occurring to-morrow, Thursday night. A large number of invitations have been issued, covering the entire Northwest, and Proprietor Wise's wide hotel acquaintance and the responses received indicate that a brilliant party will assemble. The house will be decorated, florally and otherwise, beyond probably any previous efforts in these parts.

Dissatisfied.

Special to the Globe.

SAUK RAPIDS, June 5.—The appointment of A. F. Grove, recently of Indiana, as postmaster in place of Mrs. Julia A. A. Wood, better known as "Minnie Mary Lee," a writer of some note, and who had some five months of her term to serve, has given the people here a surprise, Mrs. Wood has been a resident of Minnesota for thirty-eight years and has given universal satisfaction in office.

The Pail Was Loaded.

Special to the Globe.

BELOIT, Wis., June 5.—Julius Kranky was dangerously injured yesterday by the accidental explosion of powder at the quarries north of this city. He lighted a pail of powder, which exploded into his face and body. The skin pulled off parts of his body and he will lose the sight of an eye. His clothes also took fire and he was badly burned. He is a laborer and has a large family.

Not Affected by the Strike.

Special to the Globe.

SAUK RAPIDS, June 5.—The general strike of the stonecutters of St. Paul will not affect the quarries at this place or in this vicinity, as the granite cutters have a separate organization. Notices, however, are posted in all of the quarries and yards here for granite cutters to keep away from Helena, Mont., as there is trouble there among the craft.

Company F Takes a Brace.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, June 5.—Company F, M. N. G., of this city, was severely scored by the inspecting officers and afterwards invited by Col. Bend to show up at camp vastly improved, or else apply to be mustered out. At a largely attended meeting of the company held last night it was unanimously resolved to stick to the organization and try to bring it up to the required standard.

Abused His Wife.

Special to the Globe.

OWATONNA, Minn., June 5.—Last night about 9 o'clock, John Stransky, who was intoxicated, went home and commenced to abuse his wife by whipping and kicking her, whereupon she grabbed a bottle of muriatic acid that was standing on the shelf, and drank the contents of it. Medical aid was immediately summoned, and it is thought she is now out of danger.

Both Injured.

Special to the Globe.

OWATONNA, Minn., June 5.—Yesterday forenoon Mr. and Mrs. C. Sersen, who live south of this town, while going home were thrown out of their wagon by a sudden jerk from their team, which had become frightened by a couple of colts that were running at large. Mrs. Sersen had her leg broken near the hip joint. Mr. Sersen was also injured quite severely.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

Special to the Globe.

SPRING VALLEY, June 5.—The ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance union for the First district of Minnesota will hold their annual convention at this place. A three days' session will begin on Wednesday evening. Mrs. C. K. Newcomb, of Minneapolis, and Mrs. Julia B. Nelson, of Red Wing, will be present. A large number of delegates are already present.

Killed in a Runaway.

Special to the Globe.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Wis., June 6.—While Damos Lemieux and George Wachter were out riding in a buggy this afternoon the horses became unmanageable and ran away. Lemieux undertook to jump out and fell against a shade tree, smashing in his skull, besides breaking a leg. He lived but a few minutes. He was a prominet French citizen. Mr. Wachter was very badly injured.

Big Forest Fires.

Special to the Globe.

BRAINERD, June 5.—There are reports, by wood cruisers, of most disastrous fires among the up-Mississippi tracts of pine timber. On Prairie river and Little Willow vast areas are said to be burned over and the pine killed; also on the Crow Wing river and its tributaries eastward and northward from Park Rapids.

Reed Is All Right.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—There is no reason for the apprehension said to exist in Council Bluffs, Io., for the safety of Congressman Reed, of the Coucil Bluffs district. He was not on the train which was stopped by the Johnstown flood. Mr. Reed left here for the West last night by way of New York.

Iowa Druggists.

Special to the Globe.

DUBUQUE, Io., June 5.—The State Druggist association convened to-day for a three days' session. The visitors were welcomed to the city, and, during the afternoon, took an excursion on the river. The business before the meeting was dispensed with until to-morrow, owing to the non-arrival of several delegates.

CORNERED IN A GULCH

A Bold Attempt to Secure a Bullion Box Results in Several Deaths.

Desperate Resistance of the Robbers While Surrounded by a Posse.

After Refusing to Surrender, They Are Riddled With Bullets.

Members of the Clan-na-Gael Testify at the Cronin Inquest.

Special to the Globe.

HELENA, Mont., June 5.—All day yesterday two men were noticed loafing around the little station of Silver City, sixteen miles from Helena, on the Montana Central railroad. They were very inquisitive, and asked all sorts of questions about the railroad office, amount of money handled there, etc. This morning at 7:20 o'clock, as Agent Jobst was about to arise, two men entered his bedroom, and without warning of any kind, one of them leveled a rifle at him, and shot him through the head, the ball entering the left cheek. Jabst fell back unconscious. Young Burell, a telegraph operator from Great Falls who was spending the night with Jobst, made his escape by jumping through the window, carrying the sash and all with him. He ran towards the section house to give the alarm, but he never reached it. The assassin of Jobst shoved his murderous rifle through the window and shot Burell in the back just as he was about to enter the section house. The boy, for he was only a youth, dropped dead in his tracks.

THE ROBBERS

then proceeded to go through the office and broke open the money drawer, where they found a few dollars. All the money in the agent's hands was in an express envelope ready for shipping by the next train. This was left lying on the ticket counter and the robbers missed it, probably not knowing what it contained. The fellow who shot Burell must have rested his gun on the package. After ransacking the office the robbers took to the hills. The murder of the operator was seen by Mrs. Sheers, who lives near by, and she at once gave the alarm. A posse was at once organized at Silver City, which started in pursuit. Sheriff Jefferies also went out with a posse from Helena, composed of leading business men, reporters and your correspondent. Arriving at Silver City, the posse was divided into three sections. Beidler, the famous old-time Judge Lynch, who is thoroughly versed in the country, took the trail and soon located the thieves in a coulee about two miles from the station, where they

WERE CORRALLED

by Sheriff Walker. Every avenue of escape was soon closed. The robbers were located in a gulch, where they had covered themselves with sand and kept up an incessant fire upon the officers and men. They were respectfully called upon to surrender, but refused to do so, and it became evident that every hope to capture them alive must necessarily be abandoned, and the outlaws found their punishment in swift death. With the final charge the police closed in, and firing rapidly killed both murderers, more than twenty shots penetrating their bodies. They were loaded on a wagon and brought to Silver City, where witnesses quickly identified them as the suspicious strangers that had been loitering around there since yesterday. The pistol of Agent Jobst was also identified. Burell recently came to Montana from Michigan. A book was found on one of the murderers in which were the names Julius and Robert Chuade. They are thought to be Finlanders. The general supposition is that the robbers expected to find in the depot the monthly shipment of bullion from the Jay Gould mine.

THE CRONIN INQUEST.

An Attempt to Implicate Alexander Sullivan — Where the Money Went.

CHICAGO, June 5.—All the evidence in the Cronin inquest was directed toward establishing the fact that the deceased was firmly impressed with the idea that his life was endangered through the machinations of Alexander Sullivan. Maurice Morris, a member of the Clan-na-Gael, said that at the last convention he heard several delegates say that Cronin and Dr. McCahey, of Philadelphia, ought to be gotten rid of. Cronin had told him that he believed McGeehan, the Philadelphian, had come to Chicago at the instigation of Alex Sullivan, to kill him. Joseph O'Byrne, senior guardian of Camp 366, swore that on the day before the physician disappeared Cronin had told him that he was badly broken up and discouraged and that he believed he would give up and let those rascals Alex Sullivan and Recorder of Police Michael Boland, of Kansas city, complete their murderous designs and kill him. O'Byrne went on to say that he had heard McGeehan say that Cronin and McCahey ought to be killed because they were scoundrels. He had heard that there was a trial in Camp 20 but knew nothing definite on the point. He did not, however, believe that Cronin was a traitor. Closely pressed, he admitted that rumors that Cronin had been tried and convicted came to him through friends of the latter. P. McGary, a Lake View boiler maker and intimate friend of the dead man gave his evidence with so much dramatic effect that once or twice he was applauded. He testified that Cronin had several times told him that his life was in danger; that Alex Sullivan, if he was murdered, would be found to have been the instigator, and that there were papers in his safe which would connect Sullivan with the deed. Witness told how he went to Toronto and met Long, the reporter, who was responsible for the circumstantial stories regarding Cronin having been seen in that city. McGary offered him $2,000

TO SUBSTANTIATE

what he had written, but he could not do it. Instead he said: "I wish to God I had never had anything to do with this business." He had heard that Ice Dealer Sullivan, Detective Coughlin and Detective Whalen were members of Camp 20. It was a matter of daily conversation among the members of the clan that there was a conspiracy to kill Cronin. At one meeting of Camp No. 20, when the witness remarked that the man who gave Le Caron his credentials was worse than Le Caron himself, Lawyer Beggs remarked: "There must be union and unity among Irishmen, even if there has to be war." Closely questioned, the witness said that the man who gave Le Caron his credentials was Lawrence R. Buckley, of this city. This created a sensation. Responding to another question, the witness said dramatically: "I thank God that I don't belong to any organization of which Alex Sullivan is a member, for I consider that man is the cause of all the disgrace and slurs that have been put upon the Irish people." The last witness was Byron C. Smith, receiver of the Traders' bank. He showed by checks on file and ledger entries that in the summer of 1882, Alexander Sullivan had altogether $100,000 in the bank, of which $10,000 was a personal account and the balance credited to "Alex. Sullivan, agent." By Sept. 6, 1882, all this money had been drawn out on checks made payable to J. T. Lester & Co., Brokers. A member of this firm will be summoned to-morrow. Woodruff to-day emphatically denied that he made the confession attributed to him yesterday by Capt. Schaack to the effect that he saw Sullivan pay a large sum of money to two men in a saloon.

States Attorney Longenecker, Chief of Police Hubbard and Luke Dillon, of Philadelphia, were in conference to-night from 7 o'clock until nearly midnight. Dillon is to be called as a witness to-morrow, and, while willing to tell all he knows concerning the conspiracy against Dr. Cronin, he is anxious, at the same time, to preserve the secrets of the Clan-na-Gael, so far as its written work is concerned. He considers that in a measure the oath of secrecy has been removed from the members of the organization but only so far as the doings of the particular camp that condemned the Nationalist to death is concerned. On this point the officers do not agree with him, and when he is put upon the stand to-morrow an effort will be made to compel him to expose the inner ramifications of the organization. The police authorities confirm, late to-night, the report that the expressman who hauled the furniture from the Clark street flat to the Lake View cottage has been found. He will be placed on the stand to-morrow and his evidence will go far towards fastening the crime on certain suspected individuals.

A Woman With a Record.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 5.—George Parmer and son Will were shot last night by Mrs. Mollie Corwin. The father was badly wounded, and the son fatally. They were trying to gain admittance to the woman's house against her will. Mrs. Corwin has the remarkable record of having married and divorced seven husbands.

HAILED FROM BRAINERD.

Believed That a Brainerd Man Was Among the Johnstown Victims.

Special to the Globe.

BRAINERD, June 5.—Mr. Thrall and the Northern Pacific party were called upon by a number of leading citizens and serenaded by the band. The party returns to St. Paul to-night, to meet Mr. Oakes there on Friday, and will then proceed on the Westward tour with him. Company K and the Third regiment band leave to-morrow to go into camp at Lake City. They will go seventy-five strong. The conclusion is reached by friends and relatives here that Thomas Sanborn, of this place, is a victim of the Pennsylvania horror. He and wife and child were East, and while they went on to Boston, he went to the part of Pennsylvania which has been devastated, and cannot be heard from. The wife telegraphed here to-day for information, and inquiry from here is fruitless, and it is thought he is among the lost.

Lutheran Synod.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, June 5.—The Lutheran Evangelical synod adjourned at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The committee on rebuilding Luther college consists of L. O. Sharp, Willmar; O. K. Simons, Red Wing; O. E. Brekke, Minneapolis; A. Charles Kettleson, St. Paul; H. Therson, Elbow Lake; Rev. Quammen, Dakota county; Rev. Fosmarck, Fergus Falls, and will meet similar bodies of other synods at Decorah, June 19. The afternoon was directed to hearing the report of committees. A long list of resolutions was adopted.

Profits by Experience.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., June 5.—Ex-Gov. Buren R. Sherman was in the city today and denied emphatically the widely published report that he was seeking the nomination as governor this fall. He said under no circumstances will he allow his name to go before the convention.

Died at Prescott.

Special to the Globe.

PRESCOTT, Wis., June 5.—Mrs. Carlos McCray died yesterday morning at 6:30 after a long illness, aged about sixty years. She leaves a husband, two sons and three daughters, and was an old resident of this city, having lived here upwards of thirty years.

A Violation of Law.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—John Hepburn, solicitor of the treasury, has just given an opinion that the immigration of foreign professors under any contract, express or implied, would be clearly a violation of the alien contract labor law.

Old Enough to Know Better.

Special to the Globe.

DELANO, June 5.—Sherman Quinn, aged fourteen years, son of James Quinn, a farmer living a mile north of town, tied the halter around his body and was dragged to death by a two-year-old colt while leading him to water last evening.

Named as Commissioners.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, June 5.—Gov. L. F. Hubbard, Jesse McIntire and Gust Lillyblad have been named by Judge Crosby as commissioners to appraise the lands selected for the location of the state reform school.

From Unknown Causes.

Special to the Globe.

LA MOURE, Dak., June 5.—The finest barn in La Moure county, belonging to J. L. Potts, was burned Monday, including farm machinery, grain and hay. Loss $4,000, insured for $1,500. Cause of fire unknown.

Resignation Accepted.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The secretary of the interior to-day accepted the resignation of John H. Oberly, commissioner of Indian affairs, to take effect July 1, next.

They Cannot Vote.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 4.—The house to-day defeated the bill giving women the right to vote on questions pertaining to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

MONSTER CREMATORY

Fires Raging at Johnstown and Hundreds of Bodies Being Cremated.

Thousands of Funerals Yesterday, With Six Bodies to a Pall-Bearer.

Corpses Mangled and Bruised Beyond the Possibility of Identification.

More Piteous Tales of Experiences--Latest Estimate of the Dead.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 5.—The grey mists had scarcely arisen from the hills this morning until a thousand funerals were coursing their green sides. There were no hearses, few mourners, and as little solemnity as formality. The majority of the coffins were of rough pine. The pall-bearers were strong farmers' teams, and instead of six pall-bearers to one coffin there were generally six coffins to one team. Silently the processions moved, and silently they unloaded their burdens in the lap of mother earth. No minister of God was there to pronounce a last blessing as the clods rattled down, except a few faithful priests who had followed some mangled representatives of their faith to the grave. A fact that has been heretofore overlooked in the awful strain is the soiled condition of the corpses. Fully one third of those recovered have been so mangled, brsised or charred that identification was impossible. In an ordinary flood this would not have been the case, but here human bodies were but the filling in of a mountain-like mass of houses, railroad tracks, trains and other debris, which went crunching and crashing through a valley three miles long. How any of the lifeless clay retained form or substance is enigmatical. All day long the corpses were being hurried below ground. The unidentified bodies were grouped on a high hill west of the doomed city, where one epitaph suited for all, and that the word

"UNKNOWN."

There are hundreds of these graves already, and each day will increase the proportion. The possibility of identification diminishes every hour. Fires are raging over the mangled graves of hundreds, and the partial cremation of many bodies is inevitable. Others are becoming so blackened in their contact with the debris, or through putrifaction, that a grinning skeleton would show as much resemblance to the persons in life as they. Almost every stroke of the pick in some portions of the city today resulted in the discovery of another victim, and although the funerals of the morning relieved the morgues of their crush, before night they were as full of the stinking dead as ever. Wherever one turns the melancholy view of a coffin is met. Every train into Johnstown was laden with them, the better ones being accompanied by friends of the dead. Men could be seen staggering over the ruins with shining mahogany caskets on their shoulders. Several stumbled and fell into the abounding pits. The hollow houses of the dead went bouncing over the stones like drums in a funeral march. The coffin famine appears to be alleviated. The enormity of the devastation wrought by the Conemaugh flood is becoming more and more apparent with every effort of the laborers to resolve order out of chaos. Over one hundred men have been all day engaged in an effort to clear a narrow passage from the death bridge upward through the sea of debris that blocks the Conemaugh for nearly half a mile. Every ingenuity known to man has been resorted to by this crew. The giant power of dynamite was brought into requisition, and at intervals the roar of explosions reverberated through the valley, and sticks, stones and logs would fly high in the air. Gradually a few of the heaviest timbers were demolished and the fragments permitted to float downward through the center arch. At nightfall, however, the clear space above the bridge did not exceed an area of sixty feet in length by forty feet in width. When one reflects that fully twenty-five acres are to be cleared in this way, the task ahead seems an interminable one. But there is no royal road, and if the hundreds or thousands of bodies beneath these blackened ruins are to be recovered for

CHRISTIAN BURIAL,

the labors of to-day must be continued with increased vigor. There are many conservative minds that recommend the use of the torch in this work of clearing the river, but they are not among the sufferers, and when such counsels are heard by those whose wives, children, sisters or brothers rest beneath this sea of flotsam and jetsam, the suggestion of cremation meets a wild furor of objection. It is only in deference to the unreasoning mandate of grief that the Herculean labor of clearing the river by means of the dynamite and the derrick is persisted in. There is no hope in the calmer minds that this task can be pursued to the end. The progress of today is hardly discernible, and ere two more days have elapsed there is little doubt the emanations of putrid bodies will have become so frightful as to drive the hardiest workman from the scene. Until that time arrives, however, there is no hope that this grief-stricken populace will abandon the cherished hope of again gazing upon the forms of the loved ones whose lives went out in the fire and flood of the Conemaugh. The pleadings of sanitarians and the logic of engineers alike fail to find an echo in the minds of the grieving and afflicted, but in a few more days the sterner logic of nature will assert itself, and in the face of impossibility the task of cremation will become a Christian duty.

AN AWFUL EXPERIENCE.

A Mother and Five Children Circling Round a Pinioned Father.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 5.—On a cot in the hospital on Prospect Hill there lies at present a man injured bodily almost to death, but whose mental sufferings are so great as to shadow those of his physical into insignificance. His name is Vering. He has lost in the flood his whole family, wife and five children. The look of despair and agony on that poor man's face would cause tears to flow from adamant. In an interview he states: "I was at home with my wife and children when the alarm came. We hurried from the house, leaving everything behind us. As we reached the door a gentleman friend was running by. He grasped the two smallest children, one under each arm, and hurried on ahead of us. I had my arm around my wife, supporting her. Behind us we could hear the flood rushing upon us. In one hurried glance as I passed a corner I could see the fearful flood crunching and crackling the houses in its fearful grasp. I then could see that there was no possibility of our escape, as we were too far away from the hillsides. In a very few moments it was upon us. In a flash I saw three dear children licked up by it and disappear from sight as I and my wife were thrown into the air by the vanguard of the rushing ruins. We found ourselves in among a lot of drift, driving along with the

SPEED OF A RACE HORSE.

In a moment or two we were thrown with a crash against the sides of a large frame building, whose walls gave way before it as easily as if they were made of pie-crust, and the timbers began to fall about us in all directions. Up to this time I had retained a firm hold on my wife, but as I found myself pinned between two heavy timbers, the agony caused my senses to leave me momentarily. I recovered instantly in time to see my wife's head just disappearing under water. Like lightning I grashed her by the hair, as best as I could, pinioned as I was above the water by the timber. I raised her above it. The weight proved too much and she sank again. Again I pulled her to the surface, and she sank again. This I did again and again with no avail. She drowned in that grasp and at last she dropped from my nerveless hands to leave my sight forever. As if I had not suffered enough, a few moments after I saw some objects whirling around in an eddy which circled around, until, reaching again the current, they floated past me. My God, man, would you believe me, it was three of my children, all dead. Their dear little faces are before me now—distorted in a look of agony—that, no matter what I do, haunts me. Oh, if I could only have released myself at that time I would have willingly gone with them. I was rescued some time after and have been here ever since. I have since learned that my friend who so bravely endeavored to save two of the children was lost with them.

AT MINERAL POINT.

Cut Off From the World for Five Days.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 5.—Mineral Point, containing about 225 residents, is situated about seven miles east of Johnstown. It has since last Friday been completely cut off from the rest of the world, and until the Pittsburg Times reporter managed to get into the place to-day by working his way along the bed of the stream it was uncertain whether any one had escaped. The loss of life here was not nearly so large as it would otherwise have been had not most of the people left their homes some time before, owing to the reports of the dam being liable to break at any moment. Out of a total of thirty-four houses in the place only seven are left, and the reason why they were not taken was that they were situated at some distance up the mountain side out of reach of the flood. Not a single vestige of the houses swept away can be seen. There was only one church in the place (Methodist) and it was swept away. The number of persons up to the present time known to be drowned is sixteen. The town is almost completely obliterated. What was formerly the main street is now the bed of the river. Many responsible people here, who saw the flood coming, affirm that it was at least twenty feet higher in the center than it was at the sides, and, as one person graphically expressed it, "looked just like a sliding forest rushing on us." A large number of freight cars were at Mineral Point when the flood came, and contained produce for the east, some of them being filled with hams, others with eggs, butter, flour, crockery, glassware, etc., these being a very Godsend to the destitute inhabitants, some of whom would probably have